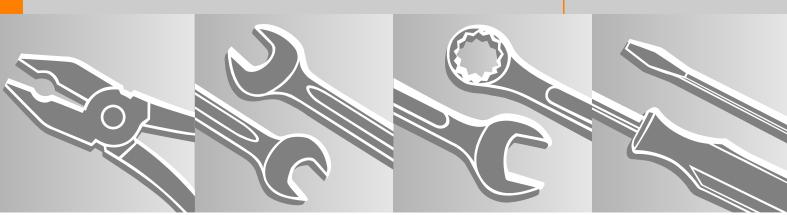




2008-02



FS 40, FS 50, FS 56

FC 56

KM 56

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1. Introduction

This service manual contains detailed descriptions of all the repair and servicing procedures specific to this power tool.

You should make use of the illustrated parts lists while carrying out repair work. They show the installed positions of the individual components and assemblies.

Refer to the latest edition of the relevant parts list to check the part numbers of any replacement parts.

A fault on the machine may have several causes. To help locate the fault, consult the troubleshooting charts for all assemblies and systems in this manual and the "STIHL Service Training System".

Refer to the "Technical Information" bulletins for engineering changes which have been introduced since publication of this service manual. Technical information bulletins also supplement the parts list until a revised edition is issued.

The special tools mentioned in the descriptions are listed in the chapter on "Special Servicing Tools" in this manual. Use the part numbers to identify the tools in the "STIHL Special Tools" manual. The manual lists all special servicing tools currently available from STIHL.

Symbols are included in the text and pictures for greater clarity.
The meanings are as follows:

In the descriptions:

- = Action to be taken as shown in the illustration above the text
- = Action to be taken that is not shown in the illustration above the text

In the illustrations:

- → Pointer
- Direction of movement
- 4.2 = Reference to another chapter, i.e. chapter 4.2 in this example

Service manuals and all technical information bulletins are intended exclusively for the use of properly equipped repair shops. They must not be passed to third parties.

Always use original STIHL replacement parts.
They can be identified by the STIHL part number, the **STIHL** logo and the STIHL parts symbol **S**₀
This symbol may appear alone on small parts.

Storing and disposing of oils and fuels

Collect fuel or lubricating oil in a clean container and dispose of it properly in accordance with local environmental regulations.

2. Safety Precautions

If the engine is started up in the course of repairs or maintenance work, observe all local and country-specific safety regulations as well as the safety precautions and warnings in the instruction manual.

Gasoline is an extremely flammable fuel and can be explosive in certain conditions.

Always wear suitable protective gloves for operations in which components are heated for assembly or disassembly.

Improper handling may result in burns or other serious injuries.

Do not smoke or bring any fire, flame or other source of heat near the fuel. All work with fuel must be performed outdoors only. Spilled fuel must be wiped away immediately.

Always perform leakage test after working on the fuel system and the engine.

3. Specifications

3.1 Engine

FS 40 FS 50, 56, FC 56, KM 56

 Displacement:
 27.2 cm³
 27.2 cm³

 Bore:
 34 mm
 34 mm

 Stroke:
 30 mm
 30 mm

Engine power to ISO 8893: 0.7 kW (1.0 bhp) 0.8 kW (1.1 bhp) at 8,500 rpm at 8,500 rpm

Max. permissible speed

(with cutting attachment):10,000 rpm10,000 rpmIdle speed:2,800 rpm2,800 rpm

Clutch: Centrifugal clutch without Centrifugal clutch without

linings linings

Clutch engages at: 4,200 rpm 4,200 rpm

Crankcase leakage test

at gauge pressure: 0.5 bar under vacuum: 0.5 bar

3.2 Fuel System

Carburetor leakage test at 0.3 bar

gauge pressure:

Operation of tank vent at

gauge pressure:

Fuel: as specified in instruction

manual

0.5 bar

3.3 Ignition System

Air gap between ignition

module and fanwheel:

Spark plug (suppressed):

NGK CMR6H
NGK 6H

Result WOR 6 F

Bosch WSR 6 F

Electrode gap: 0.5 mm

3.4 Tightening Torquese

DG and P (Plastoform) screws are used in polymer and light metal components. These screws form a permanent thread when they are installed for the first time. They can be removed and installed as often as necessary without impairing the strength of the screwed assembly, providing the specified tightening torque is observed.

For this reason it is **essential to use a torque wrench.**

Fastener Thread size		For component	Torque	Remarks
			Nm	
Screw	P 6x14	Line limiting blade/deflector	2.5	
Screw	M 5x30	Control handle/handle/nut with washer	2.0	
Screw	P 5x14	Filter cover/filter housing	3.0	
Nut	M 5	Filter housing/carburetor/spacer flange	3.5	
Screw	P 4x12	Throttle cable/engine housing	1.5	
Screw	D 6x28	Gearbox/drive tube clamp (FS 56)	12.0	
Screw	D 5x20	Shroud/cylinder	6.0	
Screw	M 6x35	Clamp/clamp block/clamp	4.5	
Screw	M 6x25	Clamp/loop handle	4.5	
Screw	P 5x20	Engine housing/shroud	4.0	
Screw	M 5x20	Engine housing/crankcase	7.0	
Screw	P 5x20	Engine housing torsion lock/drive tube	4.0	
Screw	M 5x14	Deflector/gearbox (FS 56)	4.5	
Screw	M 6x30	Deflector/drive tube/nut /FS 40,50)	5.0	
Screw	M 6x14	Clamp/drive tube/harness ring	4.5	
Screw	D 5x20	Starter cover/crankcase	6.0	
Screw	D 5x20	Starter cover/engine pan	6.0	
Screw	M 4x9	End cover/carburetor	2.0	

Remarks:

- 1) Loctite 242 or 243, medium strength
- 2) Loctite 270, high strength
- 3) Loctite 649, high strength
- 4) Loctite 272, high strength up to 250°C
- 5) Degrease crankshaft/flywheel and mount oil-free

Use the following procedure when refitting a DG or P screw in an existing thread:

Place the screw in the hole and rotate it counterclockwise until it drops down slightly. Tighten the screw clockwise to the specified torque.

This procedure ensures that the screw engages properly in the existing thread and does not form a new thread and weaken the assembly.

Coat micro-encapsulated screws with medium strength Loctite 242 or 243 before reinstalling.

Power screwdriver setting for polymer: DG and P screws max. 500 rpm Do not use an impact wrench for releasing or tightening screws.

Do not mix up screws with and without binding heads.

4. Troubleshooting

4.1 Clutch

Condition	Cause	Remedy
Cutting attachment stops under load at full throttle	Clutch shoes badly worn	Install new clutch
	Clutch drum badly worn	Install new clutch drum
Cutting attachment runs at idle speed	Engine idle speed too high	Readjust idle speed screw LA
	Clutch springs stretched or fatigued	Replace the clutch springs or install new clutch
	Clutch spring hooks broken	Replace the clutch springs
Loud noises	Clutch springs stretched or fatigued	Replace all clutch springs
	Clutch shoe retainer broken	Install new clutch
	Clutch shoes and carrier worn	Install new clutch
Condition	Cause	Remedy

4.2 Rewind Starter

Condition	ndition Cause	
Starter rope broken	Rope pulled out too vigorously as far as stop or over edge, i.e. not vertically	Fit new starter rope
	Normal wear	Fit new starter rope
Starter rope does not rewind	Very dirty or corroded	Clean rewind spring or replace rope rotor
	Insufficient spring tension	Check rewind spring and increase tension
	Rewind spring broken	Install new rope rotor
Starter rope cannot be pulled out far enough	Spring overtensioned	Check rewind spring and reduce tension
Starter rope can be pulled out almost without resistance (crankshaft does not turn)	Guide pegs on pawls or pawls themselves are worn	Fit new pawls
	Spring clip on pawl fatigued	Fit new spring clip
Starter rope is difficult to pull or rewinds very slowly	Starter mechanism is very dirty	Thoroughly clean complete starter mechanism
	Lubricating oil on rewind spring becomes viscous at very low outside temperatures (spring windings stick together)	Coat rewind spring with a little standard solvent-based degreasant (containing no chlorinated or halogenated hydrocarbons), then pull rope carefully several times until normal action is restored

Condition	Cause	Remedy
No spark	Spark plug faulty	Install new spark plug
	Faulty insulation or short in short circuit wire	Check short circuit wire for short circuit to ground
	Break in ignition lead or insulation damaged	Check ignition lead, replace ignition module if necessary
	Ignition module faulty	Install new ignition module

4.4 Carburetor

Condition	Cause	Remedy
Carburetor floods; engine stalls	Inlet needle not sealing – foreign matter in valve seat or cone	Remove and clean the inlet needle, clean the carburetor
	Inlet control lever sticking on spindle	Check inlet control lever, replace if necessary
	Helical spring not located on nipple of inlet control lever	Remove the inlet control lever and refit it correctly
	Perforated disc on diaphragm is deformed and presses constantly against the inlet control lever	Fit a new metering diaphragm
	Metering diaphragm deformed	Fit a new metering diaphragm
Poor acceleration	Setting of low speed screw too lean	Check basic carburetor setting, correct if necessary
	Setting of high speed screw too lean	Check basic carburetor setting, correct if necessary
	Inlet needle sticking to valve seat	Remove inlet needle, clean and refit
	Diaphragm gasket leaking	Fit new diaphragm gasket
	Metering diaphragm damaged or shrunk	Fit a new metering diaphragm
	Tank vent faulty	Replace tank vent
	Leak in fuel hose between tank and fuel pump	Install new hose



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