



8FBCU 20, 25, 28, 30, 32 8FBCHU 25

**VOL. 1** 

Pub. No. CU346

# **SECTION INDEX**

NAME	SECTION
GENERAL	0
BATTERY	1
CONTROL SYSTEM	2
MULTI-FUNCTION DISPLAY	3
TROUBLESHOOTING	4
MOTOR	5
DRIVE UNIT	6
FRONT AXLE	7
REAR AXLE	8
STEERING	9
BRAKE	10
BODY	11
MATERIAL HANDLING SYSTEM	12
MAST	13
CYLINDER	14
OIL PUMP	15
OIL CONTROL VALVE	16
SAS FUNCTIONS	17
APPENDIX	18

Sections indicated by solid characters are included in this manual. Sections indicated by half-tone characters: See vol. 2.

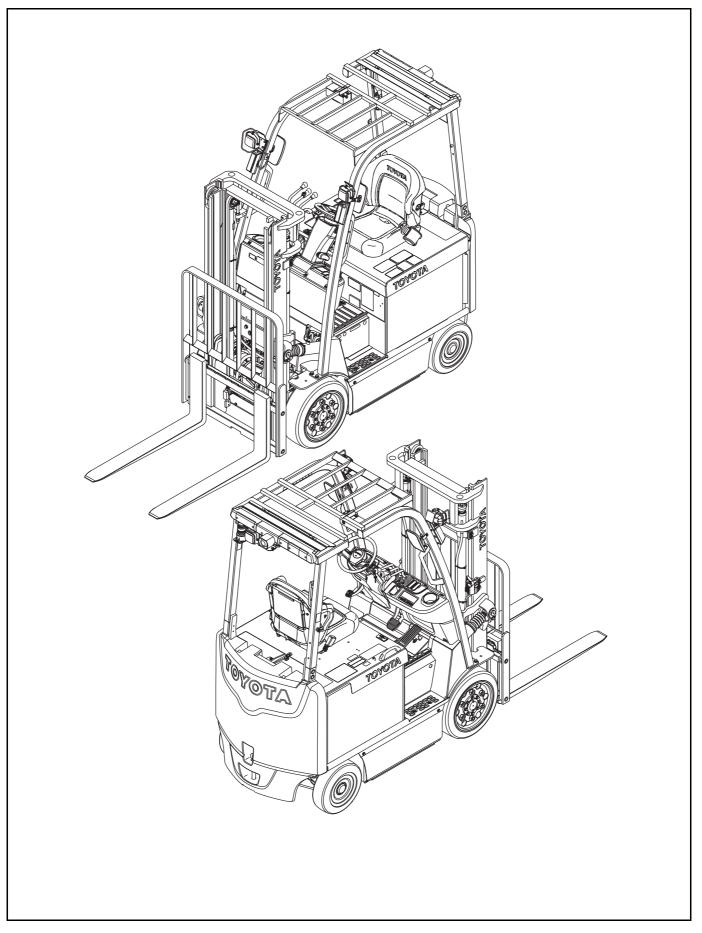
# GENERAL

Page
EXTERIOR VIEWS 0-2
VEHICLE MODEL 0-3
FRAME NUMBER 0-4
HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL 0-5
EXPLANATION METHOD 0-5
TERMINOLOGY 0-6
ABBREVIATIONS 0-6
SI UNITS 0-7
OPERATIONAL TIPS 0-8
JACK-UP POINT 0-10
HOISTING THE VEHICLE 0-11
CAUTION FOR TOWING 0-11
ATTENTIVE POINTS ON SAS 0-12
CIRCUIT TESTER 0-13
STANDARD BOLT & NUT TIGHTENING TORQUE 0-15
BOLT STRENGTH CLASS
IDENTIFICATION METHOD 0-15
PRECOAT BOLTS 0-18
HIGH PRESSURE HOSE FITTING TIGHTENING TORQUE 0-18
WIRE ROPE SUSPENSION ANGLE LIST 0-19
SAFE LOAD FOR EACH WIRE ROPE SUSPENSION ANGLE 0-19
COMPONENTS WEIGHT 0-20

	Page
RECOMMENDED LUBRICANT QUANTITY & TYPES	0-20
LUBRICATION CHART	0-21
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE	0-22
PERIODIC REPLACEMENT OF PARTS AND LUBRICANTS	0-27

0

# **EXTERIOR VIEWS**



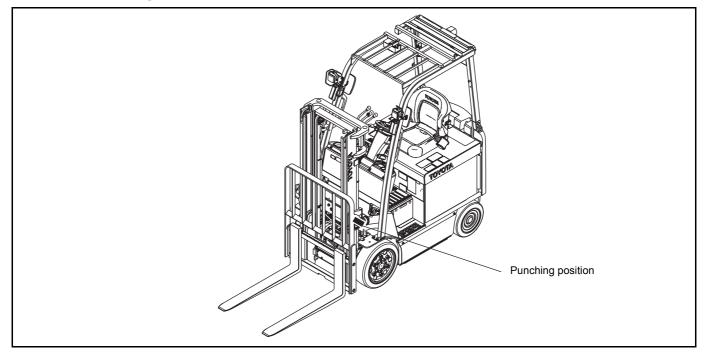
# **VEHICLE MODEL**

Model Code	Load Capacity	Vehicle Model	Voltage	Remarks
20	4000 lbs	8FBCU20	36V/48V	
25	5000 lbs	8FBCU25	$\uparrow$	
20	0000 103	8FBCHU25	$\uparrow$	
28	5500lbs	8FBCU28	$\uparrow$	
30	6000 lbs	8FBCU30	$\uparrow$	
32	6500 lbs	8FBCU32	$\uparrow$	USA·CANADA·MEXICO only

0

# FRAME NUMBER

### Frame No. Punching Position



Vehicle Model	Punching format
8FBCU20	8FBCU25-60011
8FBCU25	* 8FBCU25©60011
8FBCHU25	8FBCHU25-60011
8FBCU28	8FBCU28-60011
0FBC020	* 8FBCU28©60011
8FBCU30	8FBCU32-60011
8FBCU32	* 8FBCU32©60011

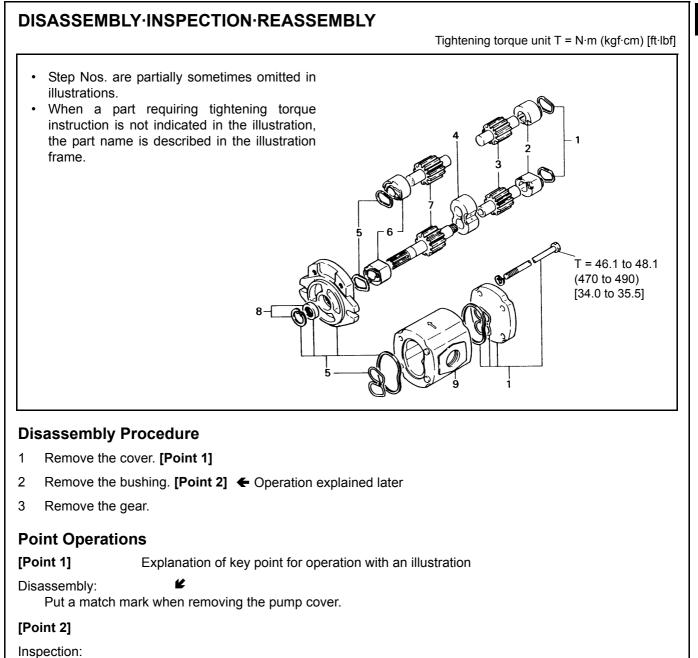
\*: EEC spec.

### HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

### **EXPLANATION METHOD**

1. Operation procedure

Example of description in pattern B



Measure the bush inside diameter.

Limit: 19.12 mm (0.7528 in)

0

- 2. How to read components figures
  - The components figure uses the illustration in the parts catalog for the vehicle model. Please refer to the catalog for checking the part name. The number at the right shoulder of each components figure indicates the Fig. number in the parts catalog.
  - (2) Refer to the parts catalog for the latest information.
- 3. Matters omitted in this manual

This manual omits description of the following jobs, but perform them in actual operation:

- (1) Cleaning and washing of removed parts as required
- (2) Visual inspection (partially described)

### TERMINOLOGY

Caution:

Important matters of which negligence may cause hazards on human body. Be sure to observe them.

Note:

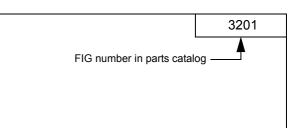
Important items of which negligence may cause breakage or breakdown, or matters in operation procedure requiring special attention.

Standard: Values showing allowable range in inspection and adjustment.

Limit: Maximum or minimum allowable value in inspection or adjustment.

### ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation (code)	Meaning	Abbreviation (code)	Meaning
ASSY	Assembly	RR	Rear
ATT	Attachment	SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers (USA)
EHPS	Electronically controlled fully hydraulic power steering	SAS	System of active stability
FHPS	Fully hydraulic power steering	SOL	Solenoid
LH	Left hand	SST	Special service tool
FR	Front	STD	Standard
OPS	Operator Presence Sensing	T=	Tightening torque
OPT	Option	OOT	Number of teeth (OO)
O/S	Oversize	U/S	Undersize
PS	Power steering	W/	With
RH	Right hand	L/	Less



(Example)

### **SI UNITS**

### Meaning of SI

This manual uses SI units. SI represents the International System of Units, which was established to unify the various systems of units used in the past for smoother international technical communication.

### New Units Adopted in SI

Item	New unit	Conventional unit	Conversion rate* <sup>1</sup> (1 [conventional unit] = X [SI unit])
Force* <sup>2</sup>	N (newton)	kgf	1 kgf = 9.80665 N
Torque <sup>*2</sup> (Moment)	N∙m	kgf∙cm	1 kgf·cm = 9.80665 N·m
Pressure* <sup>2</sup>	Pa (pascal)	kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>	1 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> = 98.0665 kPa = 0.0980665 MPa
$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	mmHg	1 mmHg = 0.133322 kPa
Revolving speed	rpm	rpm	1 rpm = 1 r/min
Spring constant* <sup>2</sup>	N/mm	kgf/mm	1 kgf/mm = 9.80665 N/mm
Volume	l	СС	1 cc = 1 mℓ
Power	W	PS system	1 PS = 0.735499 kW
Heat quantity	W∙h	cal	1 kcal = 1.16279 W·h
Specific fuel consumption	g/W·h	g/PS·h	1 g/PS·h = 1.3596 g/kW·h

### <Reference>

\* 1: X represents the value in SI units as converted from 1 [in conventional units], which can be used as the rate for conversion between conventional and SI units.

\* 2: In the past, kilogram [kg] representing mass was often used in place of weight kilogram [kgf], which should be used as the unit of force.

### **Conversion between Conventional and SI Units**

### Equation for conversion

Value in SI unit = Conversion rate × Value in conventional unit	Conversion rate: Figure corresponding to X in the
Value in conventional unit = Value in SI unit ÷ Conversion rate	conversion rate column in the table above

When converting, change the unit of the value in conventional or SI units to the one in the conversion rate column in the table above before calculation. For example, when converting 100 W to the value in conventional unit PS, first change it to 0.1 kW and divide by the conversion rate 0.735499.

# **OPERATIONAL TIPS**

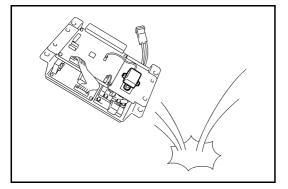
- 1. Safe operation
  - (1) After jacking up, always support with wooden blocks or rigid stands.
  - (2) When hoisting the vehicle or its heavy component, use wire rope(s) with a sufficient reserve in load capacity.
  - (3) Always disconnect the battery plug before the inspection or servicing of electrical parts.
- 2. Tactful operation
  - (1) Prepare the mechanic tools, necessary measuring instruments (circuit tester, megger, oil pressure gauge, etc.) and SSTs before starting operation.
  - (2) Before disconnecting wiring, always check the cable color and wiring state.
  - (3) When overhauling functional parts, complicated portions or related mechanisms, arrange the parts neatly to prevent confusion.
  - (4) When disassembling and inspecting such a precision part as the control valve, use clean tools and operate in a clean location.
  - (5) Follow the described procedures for disassembly, inspection and reassembly.
  - (6) Replace, gaskets, packing and O-rings with new ones each time they are disassembled.
  - (7) Use genuine Toyota parts for replacement.
  - (8) Use specified bolts and nuts. Observe the specified tightening torque at the time of reassembly. (Tighten to the center of the specified tightening torque range.)
     If no tightening torque is specified, tighten the bolt or nut according to the standard tightening torque table.
- 3. Protection of functional parts
  - Thoroughly check each connector for any failure in or imperfect connection before reconnecting the battery plug after the end of vehicle inspection or maintenance.
     Failure in or imperfect connection of connectors related to controllers, especially, may damage elements inside the controllers.
- 4. Confirming defect status

Do not start immediate disassembly or replacement, but first confirm if such disassembly or replacement is actually needed.

5. Handling of waste fluid, etc.

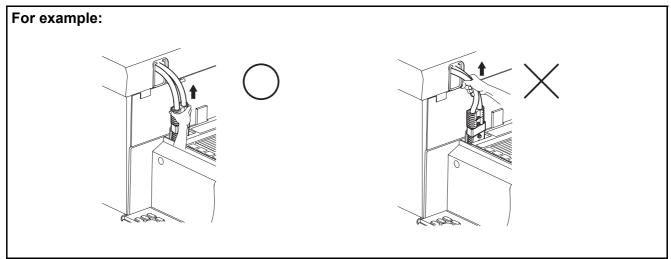
When draining waste fluid from the vehicle, always receive it with an appropriate container. Since careless or arbitrary discharge or disposal of oil, fuel, coolant, oil filter, battery or any other harmful substance may cause adverse affect to people or environmental destruction, sort each waste and always ask an authorized contractor for appropriate disposal.

6. Handling of electronic parts



- (1) Never apply impacts to electronic parts such as a microcomputer or relay.
- (2) Never let electronic parts be exposed to a high temperature or humidity.
- (3) Do not touch connector pins since they may be deformed or be damaged due to static electricity.

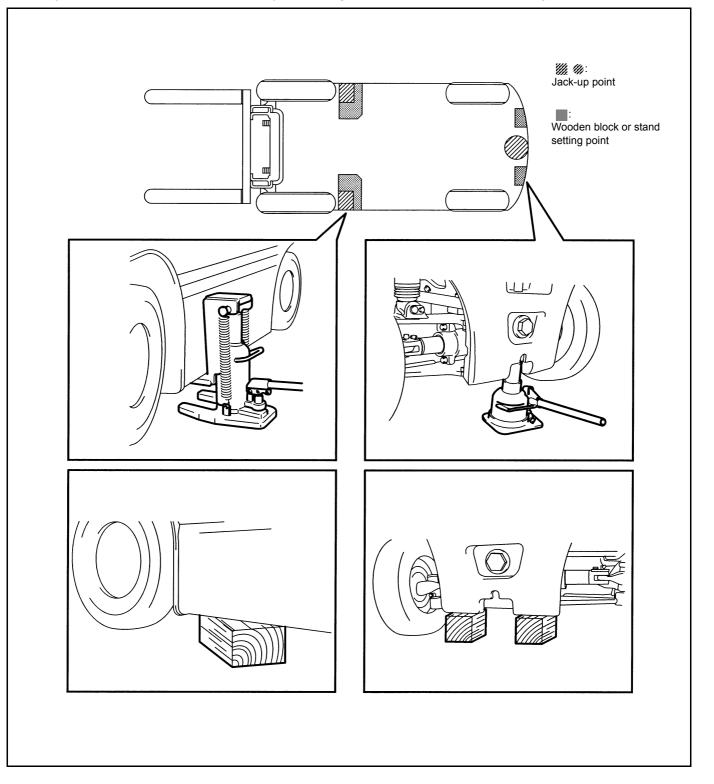
### Disconnect the battery plug When unplugging the battery plug, use the grip. Do not pull up the cable.



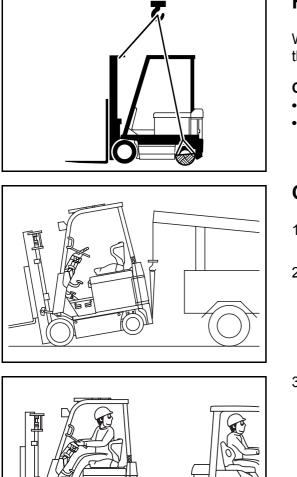
# **JACK-UP POINT**

Strictly observe the following instructions when jacking up the vehicle.

- When a load is on the fork, unload it and park the vehicle on a flat floor. Be sure to avoid an inclined or rugged place.
- Use a jack with ample capacity and jack up the vehicle at the specified jack-up point. Jacking up at any other point will be dangerous.
- Never operate while the vehicle is held with a jack. Always support the frame with a wooden block after jacking up.
- In any case, never let a part of the body (including hands and feet) be under the jacked-up vehicle.







# HOISTING THE VEHICLE

When hoisting the vehicle, use the mast hook on the front of the vehicle and a wire net on the rear wheel.

### Caution:

- Use wire ropes having sufficient strength.
- Never hoist the forklift by the weight hook holes or head guard.

# **CAUTION FOR TOWING**

- 1. When towing the forklift, always lift the rear wheels away from the ground.
- 2. The traveling speed in towing must not exceed the maximum traveling speed of the forklift.
- 3. Always set the key switch to OFF and the direction switch to the neutral position before starting towing. In case of towing by connection with a wire rope with the operator on the forklift, however, set the key switch to ON (PS operation) and always set the direction switch to the neutral position.
- 4. Before towing, either remove the fork or take an action to prevent fork contact with the ground due to bounding.

# ATTENTIVE POINTS ON SAS

- 1. Reference should be made to seperate manual "New Model Feature 8FBCU20 to 32 Pub. No.PU319" for the explanations of SAS functions and operations.
- 2. Read Section 17 "SAS Precautions for Repair" on Page 17-9 in this repair manual in advance.
- 3. Whenever the repair or replacement is performed to the place where relative to SAS function, maching procedure by which the SAS regain proper function must be performed. (See 17-18)
- 4. The warning on the SAS caution label must be confirmed when the modification or change is such as to change the original specification.

If improper, change the label. (See Page 17-22)

- Care should always be exercised for safety operation whenever you operate the truck. Make distinction between the SAS featured trucks and those of none, because the control features are different.
- 6. The SAS oil control valves comprise many precision valves. Since dirty or contaminated hydraulic oil will adversely affect the functions of these valves, always wash the parts clean at the time of installation after disassembly or for replacement of hydraulic parts (valves, piping, etc.). Periodic replacement of the hydraulic oil is very important.
- 7. Since this vehicle uses high-precision electronic devices, modification of electrical parts may cause faults. Always use genuine Toyota parts when replacing or installing electrical parts (auxiliary equipment, optional parts, etc.)

# **CIRCUIT TESTER**

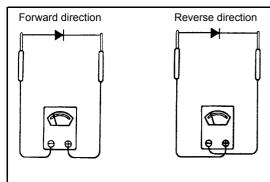
Circuit testers are available in both the analog and digital types. They should be used selectively according to the purpose of measurement.

Analog type: This type is convenient for observing movement during operation, but the measured value should only be used for reference or rough judgement.

Digital type: Fairly accurate reading is possible, but it is difficult to observe the variation or movement.

-.

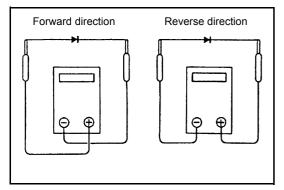
- 1. Difference in measurement results with the digital type and analog type
  - \* The result may be different between measurements with the analog type and digital type. Always use a circuit tester according to its operation manual. Cautions when the polarities are different between the analog type and digital type are described below.
  - (1) Analog circuit tester



Measurement result example 1.0

Tester range: $k\Omega$ range	je
	Analog type
Forward	Continuity exists
	11 kΩ
Reverse	No continuity
NCVCI3C	∞

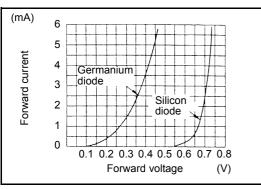
### (2) Digital circuit tester



#### Measurement result example

Tester range: M $\Omega$ ran	ge
	Digital type
Forward	No continuity
	1
Reverse	Continuity exists
Neverse	<b>2</b> ΜΩ

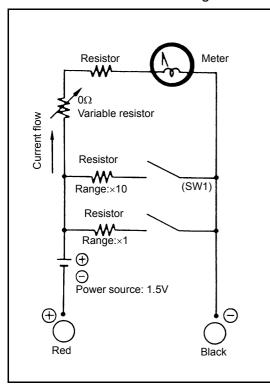
 Difference in result of measurement with circuit tester The circuit tester power supply voltage depends on the tester type. 1.5 V, 3.0 V or 6.0 V is used. The resistance of a semiconductor such as a diode varies with the circuit tester power supply voltage. The diode characteristics are shown in the figure below.



The resistance values of the same semiconductor measured with two types of circuit testers having different power supply voltages are different.

This manual describes the results of measurement with a circuit tester whose power supply voltage is 3.0 V.

3. Difference in measurement result by measurement range (analog type) In the analog type circuit tester, changing the measurement range switches over the internal circuit to vary the circuit resistance. Even when the same diode is measured, the measurement result varies with the measurement range.



Always use the range described in the repair manual for measurement.

# **STANDARD BOLT & NUT TIGHTENING TORQUE**

Standard bolt and nut tightening torques are not indicated. Judge the standard tightening torque as shown below.

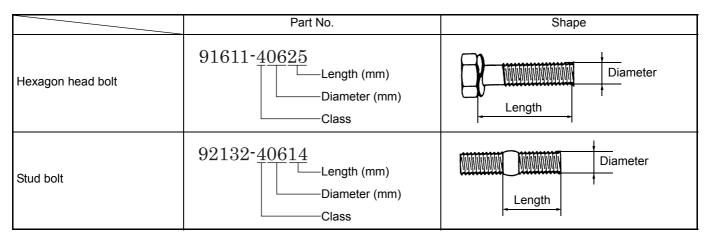
- 1. For tightening torque of hexagon head bolt, welded bolt and stud bolt with the standard bearing surface, identify bolt class based on the below chart and then determine using the tightening torque table.
- 2. For tightening torque of hexagon flange bolts, identify bolt class based on the below chart and then determine using the tightening torque table.
- 3. For tightening torque of nuts, check the mating bolt and use the method 1.

### **BOLT STRENGTH CLASS IDENTIFICATION METHOD**

### Identification by Bolt Shape

	Shape and class	Class
	Bolt head No.	4 = 4T 5 = 5T 6 = 6T 7 = 7T 8 = 8T
	No mark	4T
Hexagon head bolt	Two protruding lines	5T
	Three protruding lines	7T
	Four protruding lines	8Т
Welded bolt		4T
Stud bolt	No mark	4T
	Grooved	6Т

### Identification by Part No.



### **Tightening Torque Table**

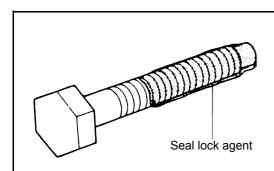
Class	Diameter	Pitch		Specified torque	
Class	mm	mm	N∙m	kgf∙cm	ft·lbf
4T	6	1.0	5.4	55	4
	8	1.25	13	130	9
	10	1.25	25	260	19
	12	1.25	47	480	35
	14	1.5	75	760	55
	16	1.5	113	1150	83
5T	6	1.0	6.5	65	5
	8	1.25	16	160	12
	10	1.25	32	330	24
	12	1.25	59	600	43
	14	1.5	91	930	67
	16	1.5	137	1400	101
6Т	6	1.0	7.8	80	6
	8	1.25	19	190	14
	10	1.25	39	400	29
	12	1.25	72	730	53
	14	1.5	108	1100	80
	16	1.5	172	1750	127
7T	6	1.0	11	110	8
	8	1.25	25	260	19
	10	1.25	52	530	38
	12	1.25	95	970	70
	14	1.5	147	1500	108
	16	1.5	226	2300	166
8T	6	1.0	12	120	9
	8	1.25	29	300	22
	10	1.25	61	620	45
	12	1.25	108	1100	80
	14	1.5	172	1750	127
	16	1.5	265	2700	195

### Identification by Bolt Shape (Hexagon flange bolt)

Class	4.8T	6.8T	8.8T	10.9T	11.9T
Hexagon flange bolt	$\bigcirc$				
	<u>/No mark</u>				
					_
	<u>/No mark</u>				

### Tightening Torque Table (Hexagon flange bolt)

Class	Diameter	Pitch		Specified torque	
Class	mm	mm	N∙m	kgf∙cm	ft·lbf
	6	1.0	5.5	56	4
	8	1.25	13	130	9
4.8T	10	1.25	27	280	20
4.01	12	1.25	50	510	37
	14	1.5	78	800	58
	16	1.5	120	1220	88
	6	1.0	7.5	80	6
	8	1.25	19	190	14
6.8T	10	1.25	39	400	29
0.01	12	1.25	71	720	52
	14	1.5	110	1120	81
	16	1.5	170	1730	125
	6	1.0	12	120	9
	8	1.25	29	300	22
8.8T	10	1.25	61	620	45
0.01	12	1.25	110	1120	81
	14	1.5	175	1780	129
	16	1.5	270	2750	199
	6	1.0	15.5	160	12
	8	1.25	38	390	28
10.9T	10	1.25	80	820	59
10.91	12	1.25	145	1480	107
	14	1.5	230	2350	170
	16	1.5	360	3670	266
	6	1.0	17.5	180	13
	8	1.25	42	430	31
11.9T	10	1.25	89	910	66
11.01	12	1.25	160	1630	118
	14	1.5	260	2650	192
	16	1.5	400	4080	295



# PRECOAT BOLTS

(Bolts with seal lock agent coating on threads)

- 1. Do not use the precoat bolt as it is in either of the following cases:
  - (1) After it is removed.
  - (2) When the precoat bolt is moved (loosened or tightened) by tightness check, etc.

### Note:

For torque check, use the lower limit of the allowable tightening torque range. If the bolt moves, retighten it according to the steps below.

- 2. Method for reuse of precoat bolts
  - (1) Wash the bolt and threaded hole. (The threaded hole must be washed even for replacement of the bolt.)
  - (2) Perfectly dry the washed parts by air blowing.
  - (3) Coat the specified seal lock agent to the threaded portion of the bolt.

# HIGH PRESSURE HOSE FITTING TIGHTENING TORQUE

- 1. When connecting a high pressure hose, wipe the hose fitting and mating nipple contact surfaces with clean cloth to remove foreign matters and dirt. Also check no dent or other damage on the contact surfaces before installation.
- 2. When connecting a high pressure hose, hold the hose to align the fitting with the nipple and tighten the fitting.
- 3. The maximum tightening torque must not exceed twice the standard tightening torque.

Nominal diameter	Standard ti	Hose inside	
of screw	Standard	Tightening range	diameter mm (in)
7/16 — 20UNF	25 (250) [18.1]	24 ~ 26 (240 ~ 270) [17.4 ~ 19.5]	6 (0.24)
9/16 — 18UNF	34 (350) [25.3]	32 ~ 36 (330 ~ 370) [29.3 ~ 26.8]	9 (0.35)
3/4 — 16UNF	59 (600) [43.4]	56 ~ 62 (570 ~ 630) [41.2 ~ 45.6]	12 (0.47)
7/8 — 14UNF	59 (600) [43.4]	56 ~ 62 (570 ~ 630) [41.2 ~ 45.6]	12 (0.47)
7/8 — 14UNF	78 (800) [57.9]	74 ~ 82 (740 ~ 840) [53.5 ~ 60.8]	15 (0.59)
1·1/16 — 12UNF	118 (1200) [86.8]	112 ~ 123 (1140 ~ 1250) [82.5 ~ 90.4]	19 (0.75)
1·5/16 — 12UNF	137 (1400) [101.3]	130 ~ 144 (1330 ~ 1470) [96.2 ~ 106.4]	25 (0.98)
PF1/4	25 (250) [18.1]	24 ~ 26 (240 ~ 270) [17.4 ~ 19.5]	6 (0.24)
PF3/8	34 (350) [25.3]	32 ~ 36 (330 ~ 370) [23.9 ~ 26.8]	9 (0.35)
PF1/2	59 (600) [43.4]	56 ~ 62 (570 ~ 630) [41.2 ~ 45.6]	12 (0.47)
PF3/4	118 (1200) [86.8]	112 ~ 123 (1140 ~ 1250) [82.5 ~ 90.4]	19 (0.75)
PF1	137 (1400) [101.3]	130 ~ 144 (1330 ~ 1470) [96.2 ~ 106.4]	25 (0.98)

Lifting angle	Tension	Compression	Suspension method	Lifting angle	Tension	Compression	Suspension method
0°	1.00 time	0 time	¥⊒ 0. ↓ 2t	90°	1.41 time	1.00 time	90°
30°	1.04 time	0.27 time	30° 50 2t	120°	2.00 time	1.73 time	2 <sup>th</sup> 120° 2t
60°	1.16 time	0.58 time	60°				

# WIRE ROPE SUSPENSION ANGLE LIST

# SAFE LOAD FOR EACH WIRE ROPE SUSPENSION ANGLE

Unit: N (tf) [lbf] Single-rope Two-rope suspension Four-rope suspension Rope Cutting suspension diameter load 60° 90° 30°  $0^{\circ}$  $0^{\circ}$ 30°  $0^{\circ}$  $60^{\circ}$ 90° 5880 4310 12160 11770 21380 3040 6080 5200 10400 8630 6 mm (2.18)(0.31)(0.62)(0.6)(0.53)(0.44)(1.24)(1.2)(1.06)(0.88)(0.24 in) [970] [2734] [2646] [2337] [4807] [683.6] [1367] [1323] [1169] [1940] 31480 4410 8830 8530 7650 6280 17650 17060 15300 12550 8 mm (3.21)(0.45)(0.9) (0.87)(0.78)(0.64)(1.8) (1.74)(1.56)(1.28)(0.32 in) [7078] [992.3] [1985] [1918] [1720] [1411] [3969] [3937] [3440] [2322] 49230 6960 14020 13440 11770 9810 27460 26480 23540 19610 10 mm (5.02)(0.71)(1.43)(1.37)(1.2)(1.0)(2.8)(2.7)(2.4)(2.0)(0.4 in) [11.69] [1565.6] [3153] [3021] [2646] [2205] [6174] [5954] [5292] [4410] 14710 76880 10980 21570 21280 18630 43150 41190 37270 29420 12.5 mm (7.84)(1.12)(2.2)(2.1)(1.9) (1.5)(4.4) (4.2) (3.8) (3.0) (0.5 in) [17387] [4851] [4631] [4190] [3308] [9702] [9261] [8379] [6615] [2469.5] 96400 13730 27460 26480 23540 18630 54920 52960 47070 37270 14 mm (5.4) (9.83)(1.4)(2.8) (2.7)(2.4)(1.9)(5.6)(4.8)(3.8)(0.56 in) [21675] [3087] [6174] [5954] [5292] [4190] [12348] [11907] [10584] [8379]

### **COMPONENTS WEIGHT**

Member	Models	Weight kg (lbs)	
Battery ASSY	See page 1-2		
Drive motor ASSY	20~25	Approx. 127 (280)	
Drive motor ASS1	28~32	Approx. 145 (320)	
Pump motor ASSY	20~32	Approx. 47 (104)	
	20·H25	Approx. 756 (1667)	
	25	Approx. 1070 (2359)	
Counterweight	28	Approx. 1375 (3031)	
	30	Approx. 1182 (2606)	
	32	Approx. 1375 (3031)	
V mast ASSY L/fork and backrest	20.25	Approx. 460 (1014)	
(with lift cylinder, max. lifting height: 3300 (130 in))	30.32	Approx. 570 (1257)	

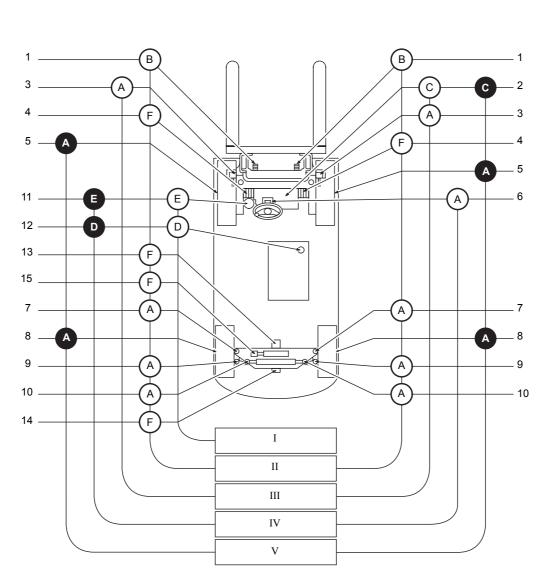
### **RECOMMENDED LUBRICANT QUANTITY & TYPES**

Description	Quantity ℓ (US gal)	Classification	Туре
Drive unit	6.0 (1.58)	API GL-4	Hypoid gear oil SAE75W-80W
Hydraulic oil (V·FV·FSV mast: lifting height 3300 mm (130 in))	22.0 (5.81)	ISO VG32	Hydraulic oil
Brake	Proper quantity Reservoir Tank 0.2 (0.05)	_	SAE J-1703 DOT-3
Chassis parts	Proper quantity	_	<ul> <li>MP grease</li> <li>Molybdenum disulfide grease</li> </ul>
Battery	Proper quantity	—	Distilled water

Note:

Since the hydraulic oil volume varies with the mast specification, be sure to check finally with the level gauge.

### LUBRICATION CHART



- O Inspection and addition
- Replacement
- A MP grease
- B Engine oil
- C Hypoid gear oil
- D Hydraulic oil
- E Brake fluid
- F Molybdenum disulfide greass
- 1 Chain
- 2 Drive unit
- 3 Tilt cylinder front pin
- 4 Mast support bushing
- 5 Front wheel bearing
- 6 Tilt steering locking mechanism
- 7 Steering knuckle king pin
- 8 Rear wheel bearing

- I. Inspect every 8 hours (daily)
- II. Inspect every 40 hours (weekly)III. Inspect every 250 hours (6 weeks)
- IV. Inspect every 1000 hours (6 monthly)
- V. Inspect every 2000 hours (annual)
- 9 Tie rod end pin
- 10 Rear axle cylinder end pin
- 11 Brake master cylinder
- 12 Oil tank
- 13 Rear axle beam front pin
- 14 Rear axle beam rear pin
- 15 Swing lock cylinder crank and rod pin

### PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

### **Inspection Method**

- I : Inspection Repair or replacement if required.
- M : Measurement Repair or adjustment if required.
- T : Retightening C: Cleaning L: Lubrication
- \* : For new vehicle

	Inspection Period	Every 6 weeks	Every 3 months	Every 6 months	Every 12 months
				Every	Every
Item		Every 250 hours	Every 500 hours		2000 hours
ELECTRICAL S	/STEM				
	Rotation sound	I	←	←	←
Motor	Looseness in the connecting parts	Т	←	←	←
	Insulation resistance		М	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Charging level	I	←	←	$\leftarrow$
	Electrolyte level	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Electrolyte specific gravity	М	$\leftarrow$	←	$\leftarrow$
	Looseness in the connecting parts	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Battery	Abnormality in the upper portion of the battery case	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Insulation resistance		М	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Voltage measurement of each battery cell after charging				М
	Contact looseness, damage, abrasion	I	←	←	←
	Operating condition of the auxiliary contact, contamination, abrasion	I	←	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Magnet	Mounting condition of the arc shooter				I
contactor	Operating condition and timings				I
	Looseness of the coil mounting parts				I
	Mounting condition of the main circuit lead wire, looseness				I
Miara awitab	Operating condition and timing	I	←	←	←
Micro switch	Damage and looseness of installing parts	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Direction switch	Operation condition, damage	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Operation condition	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Controller	Interior contamination, damage	С	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Motor input voltage				М
Fuse	Looseness	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$

	Inspection Period	Every	Every	Every	Every
		6 weeks	3 months	6 months	12 months
Item		Every 250 hours	Every 500 hours	Every 1000 hours	Every 2000 hours
Wiring	Harness deterioration, clamp damage and looseness	I	←	←	←
(including	Looseness in connecting parts, taping condition	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
charging cord)	Connecting condition and damage of the battery connector	I	$\leftarrow$	←	$\leftarrow$
POWER TRANS	FER SYSTEM	•	L	I	
	Oil leakage	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Drive unit	Oil level	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Bolt or nut looseness				Т
DRIVE SYSTEM	1				
	Tire cuts, damage and uneven wearing	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Loose rim and hub nuts	Т	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Tire groove depth	М	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Wheels	Metal chips, pebbles and other foreign matter trapped in tire grooves	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
WIIEEIS	Rim, side bearing and disc wheel damage	I	$\leftarrow$	←	$\leftarrow$
	Abnormal sound and looseness of front wheel bearing	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
	Abnormal sound and looseness of rear wheel bearing	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
Front axle	Cracks, damage and deformation of housing				I
	Cracks, damage and deformation of beam				l
Rear axle	Abnormal noise looseness of rear axle bearing				I
	Looseness of axle beam in vehicle longitudinal direction	M*			М
STEERING SYS	ТЕМ			1	
Stooring whool	Play and looseness	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Steering wheel	Function	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Stooring volvo	Oil leak	I	$\leftarrow$	←	$\leftarrow$
Steering valve	Looseness of mounting	Т	←	←	←
	Oil leake	I	←	←	←
Power steering	Mounting and linkage looseness	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
. ener eteening	Damage of power steering hose				I
Knuokla	King pin looseness	I	←	←	←
Knuckle	Cranks and deformation				I

0-24

	Inspection Period	Every	Every	Every	Every
		6 weeks	3 months	6 months	12 months
Item		Every 250 hours	Every	Every 1000 hours	Every
BRAKING SYST		250 110015	500 Hours	1000 nours	2000 Hours
BRAKING STST		5.4			
Brake pedal	Play and reserve	M	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Braking effect		<i>←</i>	<i>←</i>	<i>←</i>
	Operating force		$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Parking brake	Braking effect	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Rod and cable looseness and damage		←	$\leftarrow$	←
Brake pipe	Leak, damage and mounting condition		$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Reservoir tank	Leak and fluid level	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Master cylinder and wheel cylinder	Function, wear, damage, leak and mounting looseness				I
	Clearance between drum and lining	М	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Wear of shoe sliding portion and lining				I
	Drum wear and damage				I
Brake drum and brake shoe	Shoe operating condition				I
DIAKE SILVE	Anchor pin rusting				I
	Return spring fatigue				М
	Automatic adjuster function				I
	Deformation, cracks and damage				I
Backing plate	Loose mounting				Т
MATERIAL HAN	DLING SYSTEM				
	Abnormality of fork and stopper pin	I	←	←	←
Forks	Misalignment between left and right fork fingers	I	←	←	←
	Cracks at fork root and welded part				I <sup>*1</sup>
	Deformation and damage of each part and crack at welded part	I	~	~	~
	Mast and lift bracket looseness	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Mast and lift	Wear and damage of mast support bushing				I
bracket	Wear, damage and rotating condition of rollers	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Wear and damage of roller pins				I
	Wear and damage of mast strip	I	←	←	←
	Tension, deformation and damage of chain		←	←	←
	Chain lubrication	I	←	$\leftarrow$	←
Chain and chain wheel					1
	Abnormality of chain anchor bolt	I	←	←	←
	Wear, damage and rotating condition of chain wheel	I	<ul><li></li><li></li></ul>	` ←	` ←
Various attachments	Abnormality and mounting condition of each part	I	←	←	←

	Inspection Period	Every	Every	Every	Every
		6 weeks	3 months	6 months	12 months
Item		Every 250 hours	Every 500 hours	Every 1000 hours	Every 2000 hours
HYDRAULIC SY	STEM				
	Loosening and damage of cylinder mounting	Т	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Deformation and damage of rod and rod end	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Cylinder operation	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Cylinder	Natural drop and natural forward tilt (hydraulic drift)	М	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
	Oil leak and damage	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Wear and damage of pin and pin support	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Lifting speed	М	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Uneven movement	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Oil pump	Oil leak and abnormal sound	I	←	$\leftarrow$	←
	Oil level and contamination	I	←	←	←
Hydraulic oil tank	Tank and oil strainer			С	←
Lank	Oil leak	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
O and the later of	Loose linkage	I	←	←	←
Control lever	Operation	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Oil leak	I	←	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Oil control valve	Relief pressure measurement				М
	Relief valve and tilt lock valve functions	I	←	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
	Oil leak	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
Hydraulic piping	Deformation and damage	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
	Loose joint	Т	←	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
SAFETY DEVIC	ES, ETC.	I			I
Llood guard	Cracks at welded portion	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Head guard	Deformation and damage	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Deels reat	Loosening of mounting	Т	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
Back-rest	Deformation, crack and damage	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Lighting system	Function and mounting condition	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Horn	Function and mounting condition	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Direction indicator	Function and mounting condition	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
Instruments	Functions	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Backup buzzer	Function and mounting condition	I	←	$\leftarrow$	←
Rear-view	Dirt, damage	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
mirror	Rear reflection status	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$
Soat	Loosening and damage of mounting	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
Seat	Seat belt damage and function	I	←	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$

0-26

	Inspection Period	Every 6 weeks	Every 3 months	Every 6 months	Every 12 months
Item		Every 250 hours	Every 500 hours	Every 1000 hours	Every 2000 hours
Body	Damage and cracks of frame, cross members, etc.				I
	Bolts and nuts looseness				Т
	Functions	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
	Loosening and damage at sensor mounting portion	I	←	←	←
SAS	Damage, deformation, oil leakage and loosen- ing of the mounting of functional parts	I	←	←	←
	Loosening and damage of wire harnesses	I	$\leftarrow$	$\leftarrow$	←
	Lock cylinder accumulator performance				I
	Rusting and corrosion of load sensor				I
Others	Grease up	L	←	←	←

# PERIODIC REPLACEMENT OF PARTS AND LUBRICANTS

				•	: Replacement
Replacement timing	Every 6 weeks	Every 3 months	Every 6 months	Every 12 months	Remarks
Item	Every 250 hours	Every 500 hours	Every 1000 hours	Every 2000 hours	Remarks
Drive unit oil				•	
Hydraulic oil	*1		•	←	
Hydraulic oil filter	٠		•	←	
Wheel bearing grease				•	
Brake fluid			•	←	
Brake master cylinder rubber parts				•	
Wheel cylinder cup seals				•	
Brake fluid reservoir hose					*2
Power steering hose					*2
Power steering rubber parts					*2
Hydraulic hose					*2
Chain					*3
Swing lock cylinder					*4

\*1: For new vehicle

\*2: Replace every 2 years

\*3: Replace every 3 years

\*4: Replace every 10,000 hours

Replacement shall be made upon arrival of the operation hours or months, whichever is earlier.



# **Download the full PDF manual instantly.**

# Our customer service e-mail: aservicemanualpdf@yahoo.com